WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE 2024 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 711

By SENATOR RUCKER

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

reported February 19, 2024]

A BILL to amend and reenact §15-10-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to eliminating the list of federal agencies and agents who, under limited circumstances, may enforce state laws; clarifying that qualified law enforcement from any federal agency may enforce state laws under limited circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

§15-10-5. Federal officers' peace-keeping authority.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, any person who is employed by the United States government as a federal law-enforcement officer and is listed in subsection (b) of this section, has the same authority to enforce the laws of this state, except state or local traffic laws or parking ordinances, as that authority granted to state or local law-enforcement officers, if one or more of the following circumstances exist:
- (1) The federal law-enforcement officer is requested to provide temporary assistance by the head of a state or local law-enforcement agency or the designee of the head of the agency and that request is within the state or local law-enforcement agency's scope of authority and jurisdiction and is in writing: *Provided*, That the request does not need to be in writing if an emergency situation exists involving the imminent risk of loss of life or serious bodily injury;
- (2) The federal law-enforcement officer is requested by a state or local law-enforcement officer to provide the officer temporary assistance when the state or local law-enforcement officer is acting within the scope of the officer's authority and jurisdiction and where exigent circumstances exist; or
- (3) A felony is committed in the federal law-enforcement officer's presence or under circumstances indicating a felony has just occurred.
- (b) This section applies to the following persons who are employed as full-time federal law-enforcement officers by an agency of the United States government and who are authorized to carry firearms while performing their duties:

(1) Federal Bureau of Investigation special agents;

21	(2) Drug Enforcement Administration special agents;
22	(3) United States Marshal's Service marshals and deputy marshals;
23	(4) United States postal service inspectors;
24	(5) Internal revenue service special agents;
25	(6) United States secret service special agents;
26	(7) Bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms special agents;
27	(8) Police officers employed at the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal justice
28	information services division facility located within this state;
29	(9) Law enforcement commissioned rangers of the national park service;
30	(10) Department of Veterans Affairs Police and Department of Veterans Affairs specia
31	investigators;
32	(11) Office of Inspector General special agents; and
33	(12) Federal Air Marshals with the Federal Air Marshal Service.
34	(c) Any person acting under the authority granted pursuant to this section:
35	(1) Has the same authority and is subject to the same exemptions and exceptions to this
36	code as a state or local law-enforcement officer;
37	(2) Is not an officer, employee, or agent of any state or local law-enforcement agency;
38	(3) May not initiate or conduct an independent investigation into an alleged violation of any
39	provision of this code except to the extent necessary to preserve evidence or testimony at risk o
40	loss immediately following an occurrence described in subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this
41	section;
42	(4) Is subject to 28 U.S.C. § 1346, the Federal Tort Claims Act; and
43	(5) Has the same immunities from liability as a state or local law-enforcement officer.